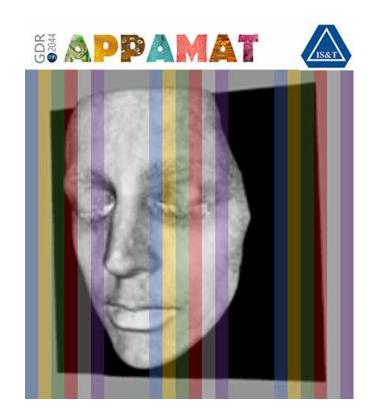




Colour Difference Threshold for 3D Faces

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- **§** Understanding colour-difference threshold is important in many applications.
- Solution Studies have measured discrimination thresholds for uniform colour patches.
- § How about the colour-difference threshold for 2D and 3D facial appearance?





3D Face Acquisition



- § 3dMDface system
- **§** Obj file and bmp images

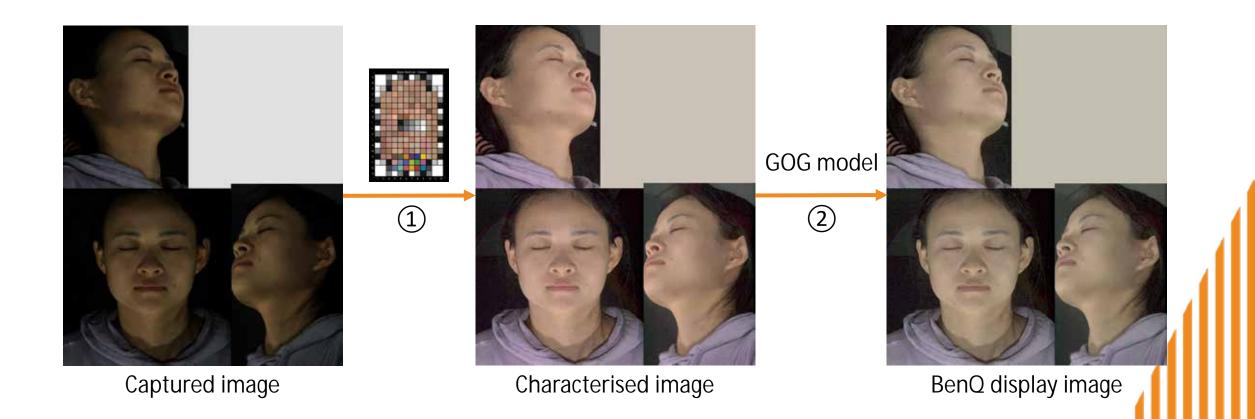




Colour Characterisation



- 1. Colour characterisation for 3dMD cameras
- 2. Colour characterisation for BenQ PG2401 display



Colour Manipulation



- § Based on the characterised image, the colour of each pixel was changed in terms of: Redness +10 Yellowness +10
- ØLightness: -10:0.5:10
- ØRedness:-10:0.5:10
- **Ø**Yellowness: -10:0.5:10
- **§** Colour varies from 6 dimensions





Lightness +10







Lightness -10



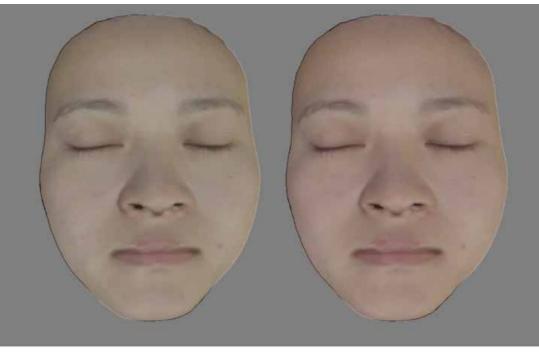
Yellowness -10

Visual Experiments



§ The 3D faces were presented on the display in two conditions:

Still condition



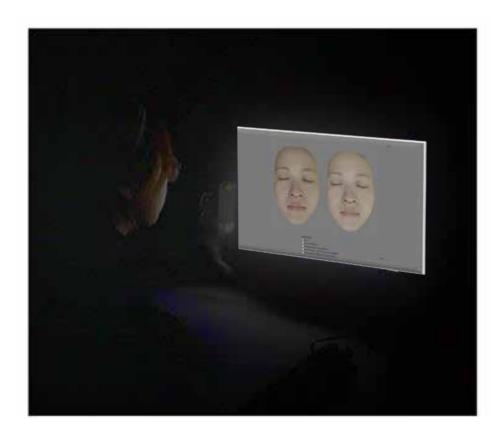
Rotating condition



Visual Experiments



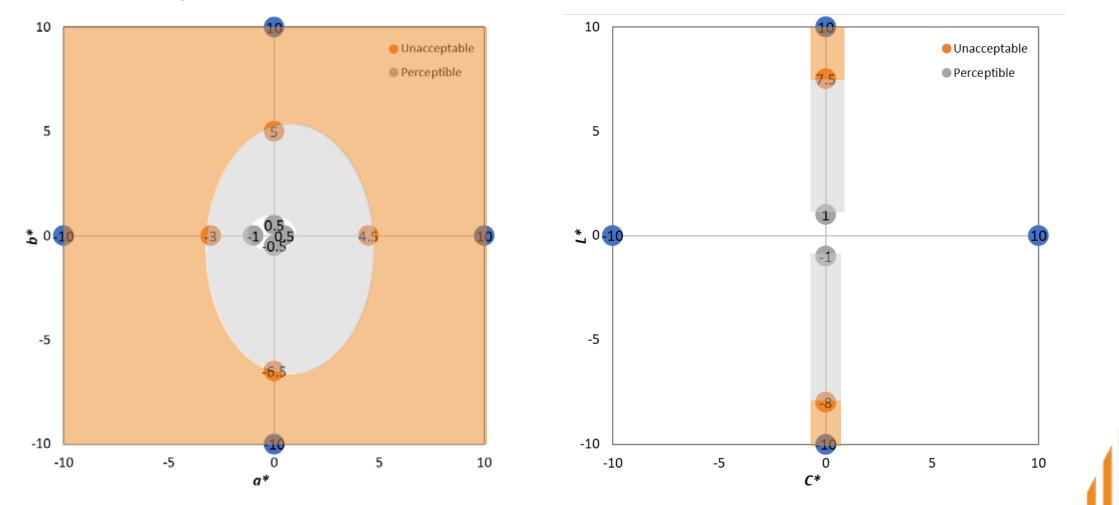
- § Visual colour difference assessments in a dark room
- § 11 female observers
- § Three options:
 - 0: No colour difference
 - 1: Perceived colour difference
 - 2: Unacceptable colour difference



Results



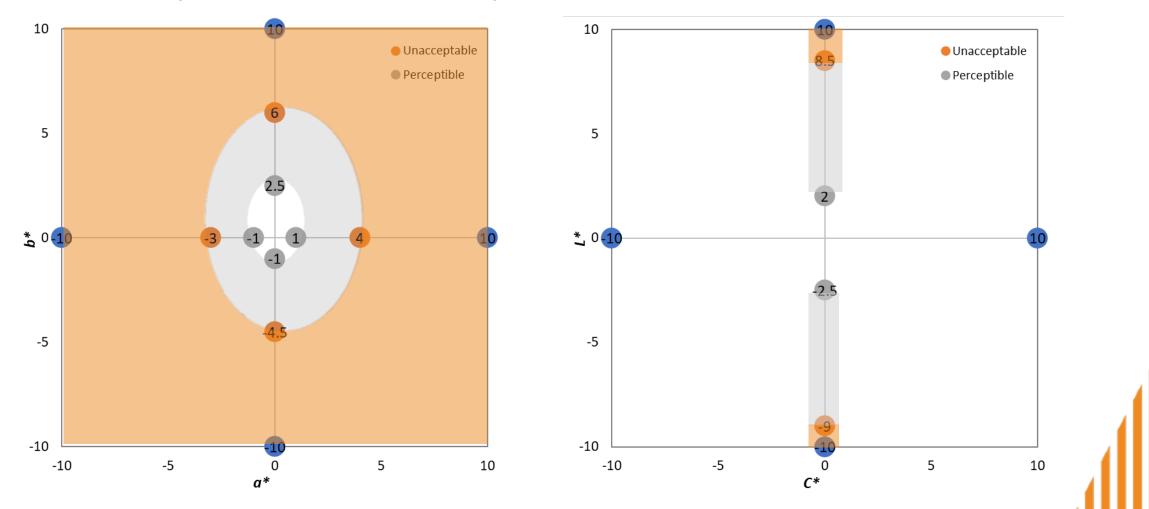
§ The average results for the still condition:



Results



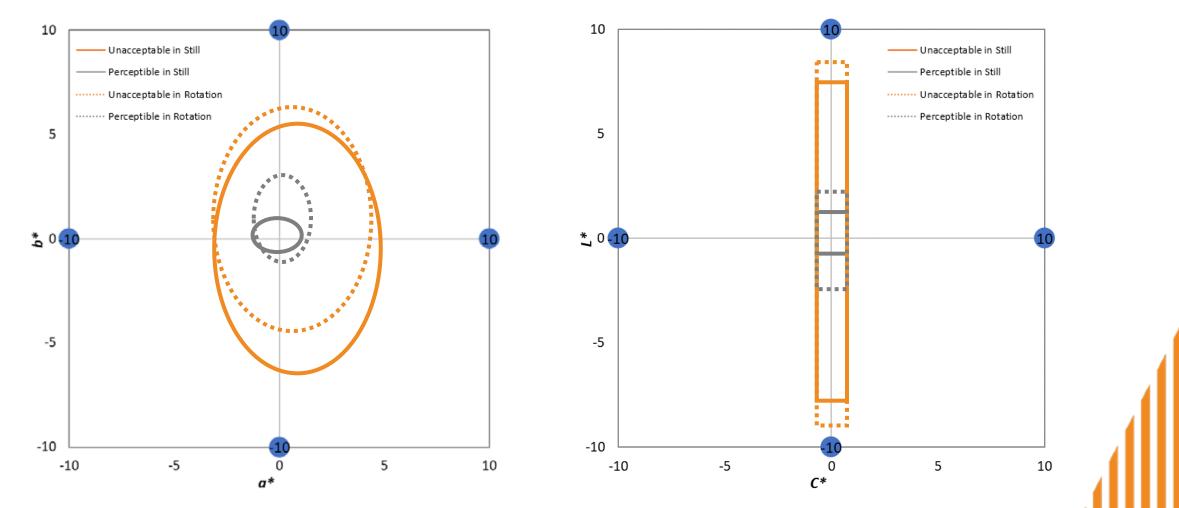
§ The average results for the rotating condition:



Results

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§ The perceptible and unacceptable colour difference for two conditions:





- § The perceptible and unacceptable colour-difference thresholds for 3D faces are different in lightness, redness and yellowness dimensions.
- Sobservers are strict/sensitive on redness changes of facial skin tones while more tolerant for lightness changes.
- § The colour-difference thresholds for 3D faces in rotating are higher than those in still status.
- Solution Does the colour-difference evaluation depend on personal skin colour preference?

Thank you

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