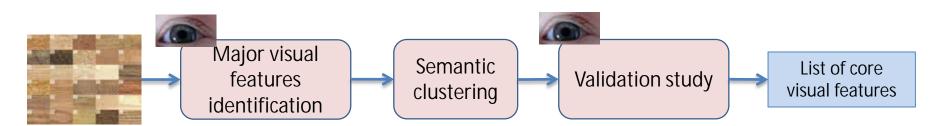


Motivation

- Czech Science Foundation Project 22-17529S:
 - Visual Fingerprint of Material Appearance
- Understanding visual properties of materials from human vision perspective
- Automatically interpreting the visual properties of materials





- Goal of the study: identify the most crucial appearance attributes of real materials
- 210 materials including: fabric, leather, wood, plastic, metal, paper
- For each material, we recorded a video showcasing specular and non-specular appearances
- Materials were shown in three separate movies 70 materials each
- Participants were then asked
 - Identify and rank at least five most visually distinguishing features that set apart the materials within each video – the features that make materials different

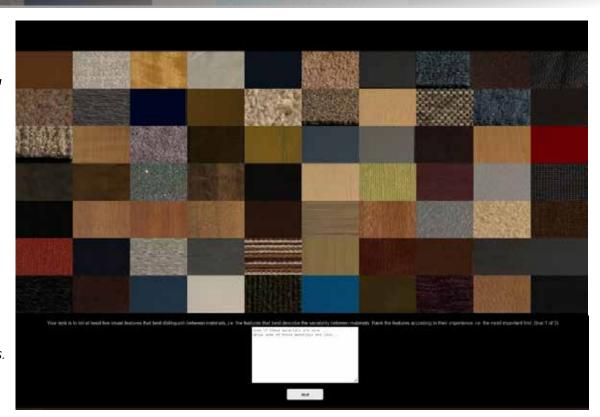


- 7 categories fabric, carpet, wood, leather, metal, plastic, coating
- 32 observers
- 452 responses
- mean stimuli duration 2.8 minutes

Example answer:

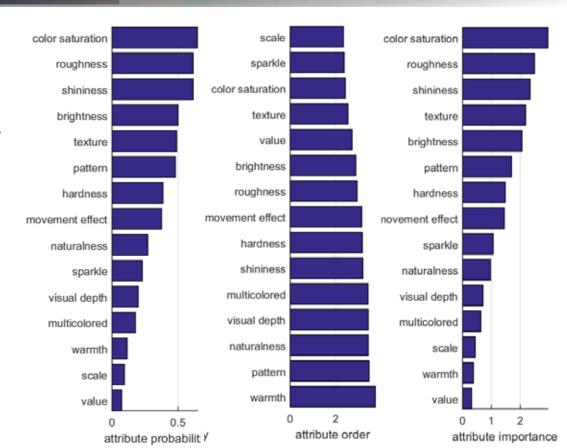
Some of these materials **shimmer** or **glitter** in the **light** Some of these materials **barely catch the light** at all. Some of these materials only look **textured** in specific **lighting**.

Some of these materials are more fibrous than the others. Some of these materials look harder than the others. Some of these materials look cheaper than the others.





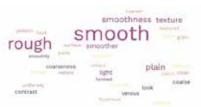
- We collected 451 valid text responses from 32 participants
- manual semantic clustering keywords occurrence
- 15 most frequently mentioned attributes



1. Color saturation



2. Roughness



3. Shininess



4. Texture



5. Brightness



6. Pattern



7. Soft/Hard



8. Category



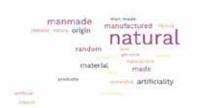
9. Movement effect



10. Sparkle



11. Naturalness



12. Thickness



Validation Study

- 6 participants tasked with clustering all 451 responses to 15 predefined attributes
- The interrater agreement was high Fleiss' Kappa score of 0.786
- All six raters reached a consensus in 43.9% cases (198 / 451)
- Three raters agreed in 56.3% cases (254/451)
- Two raters agreed in 87.8% cases (396/451)
- 16 out 32 participants had their responses completely integrated within the rating system, while the remaining 16 participants exhibited a range of 5.6% - 26.7% divergence.





- 15 the most prominent attributes include common visual features as color variability, saturation, roughness, brightness, shininess, texture, and pattern
- Participants frequently mentioned tactile and subjective attributes like warmth, hardness, naturalness, and attractiveness